

# Towards Full-disclosure: Broadening Access to SCADA Data to Improve Safety, Reliability, and Security

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# Benefits of Data Openness

## ● Current SCADA

- Often vertically integrated, proprietary systems
- Data are tightly controlled

## ● Why promote open access to data?

- Improve reliability
  - Better tools to understand and use data
- Improve safety
  - Alarms can immediately reach people
- Improve security – counter intuitive, but
  - Will have better control on how to share data

# Application Areas

- Automotive industry
  - In-car sensing/control system
  - Multi-car collision avoidance
  - Traffic data sharing and congestion control
- Smart building control
  - Intelligent light and temperature control
- General industrial control and automation
  - Controlled release of data to different parties
  - Promote greater internal use of data

# Challenges in Protocols and Systems

## ● Common protocols

- Enable wide data access at various places
  - Sensors, data servers, operational centers
- Enable interoperation at data level
  - Intermediaries need to easily interpret data
  - Data exchange between third-party equipment

## ● In-Situ Intelligence

- Devices in the field need to process data
- Support report-on-exception

# Challenges in Access and Anonymization Control

- Must have access and permission control
  - Not all data go to public
  - Different parties have different level of data access
- Need data-level firewalls
  - Dispatch/block data at fine granularities
  - Requires understanding of metadata
- Optional anonymization mechanism
  - Some data can be released without identity info